### THE INFRASTRUCTURE OF INCLUSION

Learning Series

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@fivemooreminutes





### Welcome!

### Our Plan Together

November 20: Kick Off – What are the guiding conditions of inclusion?

January 14: Guiding Condition #1: All Students are presumed competent

January 28: Guiding Condition #2: All students are placed in inclusive classrooms

February 3: Guiding Condition #3: All students are within proximity to and participating in learning with peers

March 4: Guiding Condition #4: All students have meaningful purpose in inclusive classrooms

March 25: Guiding Condition #5: All students are planned for from the start



### Welcome!

### Structure of Sessions

- Set intentions for the day
- Reflect on shifts in thinking and practice
- Topic presentation with built in discussion time
- Reflect and drawing on learning
- Make plans to take action
- Homework!

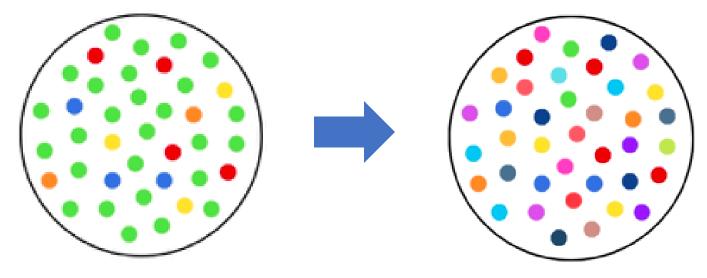


## WHAT DOES inclusion





### How do we do inclusion?



Including students with special needs

Teaching to diversity, including Disability?

### How do we do inclusion?



### Guiding Conditions of inclusion describe that all students...

are PRESUMED competent and as having POTENTIAL

are **PLACED** in and attending inclusive classrooms and schools

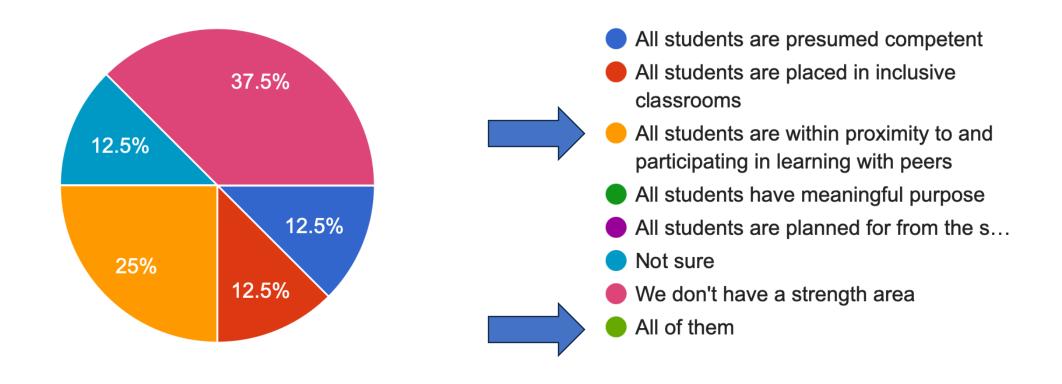
to and
PARTICIPATING
with PEERS

have
PURPOSEFUL
roles and
responsibilities

are **PLANNED** for from the start

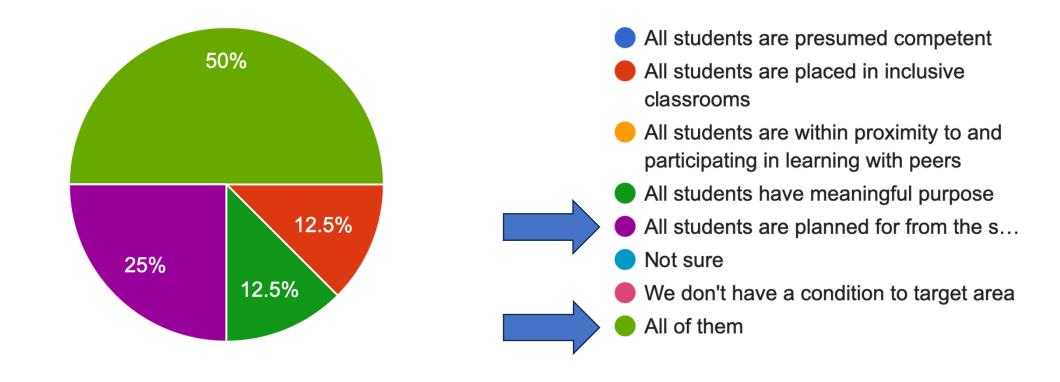


### Which condition is a strength area for your classroom or school? 8 responses



Which condition is an area that needs to be targeted the most in your classroom or school?

8 responses



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Session 2: Choose a P that is a stretch area, what is a question that you have?

### Guiding Conditions of inclusion describe that all children & youth...

are PRESUMED competent and as having POTENTIAL

are **PLACED** in and attending inclusive programs

are in **PROXIMITY**to and **PARTICIPATING**with **PEERS** 

have
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# How do we shift our thinking towards a strength-based perspective?



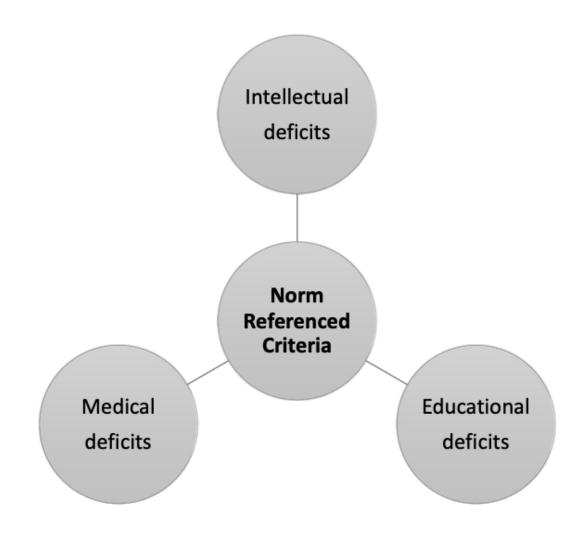
### What is a strength-based perspective?



### What is a strength-based perspective?



### Why are students not often viewed through a strength-based perspective?



### What is one useful takeaway so far?

### Why is Presuming Competence Important?

Even if we are wrong about a child's capability to have access inclusive community programs with their peers, the consequences of that presumption being wrong are not as dangerous as the alternative.

Cheryl Jorgenson



### How can we Presuming Competence?

 Children with disabilities so often need to "prove" that they can behave before given access to community programming

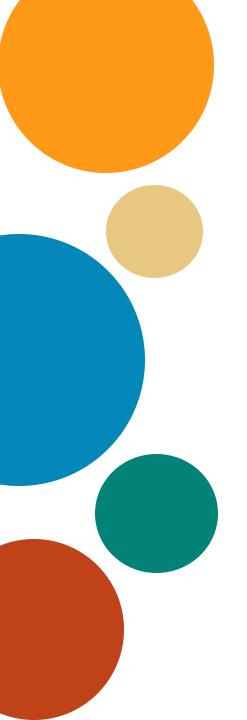
- Biklen & Burke suggest:
  - Rather than proving their ability, presuming competence is assuming that all children have ability in any and all places



### How can we Presuming Competence?

- Focus more on strengths, interests, abilities, barriers and needs and less on deficits
- Make space for student voice and agency and give opportunities for students to be a part of the decision making in their educational programming
- Provide children with a means to communicate other than words (visuals, gestures, voice)

Jorgenson, McSheehan & Sonnenmeier

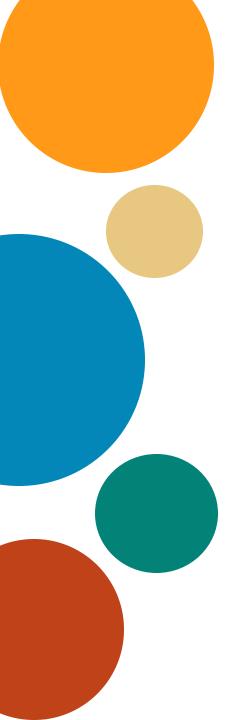


### How can we Presuming Competence?

What Self Advocates say:

- Talk to me, not my support dog, or my support staff, or my parents
- Do not call me "low functioning" or refer to me as a developmental age, E.g., "like a 2-year-old"
- Use age-appropriate tone of voice, inflection, vocabulary, and conversation topics when interacting with me
- Respect my privacy when talking about my personal care, medical needs and/or personal and sensitive information

Jorgenson, McSheehan & Sonnenmeier



Is Presuming Competence Enough?

Nope!

Now we need to focus on the decisions that we make that are based on our perceptions and assumptions about students

#### Presuming Competence: Positive Attitudes Towards Disability & Inclusion

	Access	Essential	Developing	Confident	Extending
	Awareness	Attitudes	Practices	Collaboration & Communication	Personal & Professional Growth
Attitudes Towards Disability & Inclusion	<ul> <li>Staff are aware of the variety of disabilities in the school community, and who may be missing</li> <li>Staff are aware that there are students who may not be included in their classroom/school communities</li> <li>Staff have a common understanding of what inclusion is</li> <li>Staff are aware of how students with disabilities are perceived by the school community</li> <li>Staff are aware of what language to use when describing students with disabilities</li> <li>Staff respectfully address students with disabilities</li> <li>Staff respectfully and ress students with disabilities in age-appropriate tones and their privacy and integrity is respected</li> <li>Staff is aware that Disability is an identity to be celebrated as unique contribution to diverse communities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Staff have a positive attitude towards disability and inclusion</li> <li>Staff have a common understanding about why inclusion is important</li> <li>Staff understand that perceptions of disability influence decisions about educational placement and programming</li> <li>Staff understand value in including students' voice in educational decision making</li> <li>Staff know what ableism is and are noticing examples of ableism in classroom and school communities</li> <li>Staff understand that Disability needs to also be considered in diversity, inclusion and equity (DEI) oriented initiatives</li> <li>Staff describe students in ways that are Disability affirming and non-ableist that avoid derogatory terms that perpetuate negative stereotypes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Staff members are trying inclusive practices in their classrooms</li> <li>Staff are getting to know students from a strength-based perspective</li> <li>Staff are using strength-based perspectives as part of their data collection and formative assessment techniques that inform their practice</li> <li>Community and school-based job activities are an inclusive experience and not the sole responsibility of students with disabilities and not done during instructional time</li> <li>Educational programming and enrollment is based on equal opportunity not ability levels</li> <li>Staff are including Disabled students' voice in decision making processes (and ensuring communication tools are available to do so)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Staff are working together to better understand and enact inclusive practices in their classroom and school</li> <li>Staff are learning about disability from multiple perspectives</li> <li>Staff are advocating for inclusion and increasing access and opportunity for disability in classrooms and schools</li> <li>Staff are intentionally taking action to combat ableism in their school community and beyond</li> <li>Staff are advocating for resources that increase accessibility and situate Disability and Inclusion as a critical and equity-oriented practice</li> <li>Staff provide space for (and are responsive when) students with disabilities self-advocate</li> </ul>	opportunities to learn more about, and from, Disabled perspectives  • Staff challenge Disability stereotypes (e.g. inspiration porn, infantilization etc.) and correct misconceptions that they encounter in others  • Staff display allyship by leading by example and influencing others

### https://forms.gle/Q5NnuBbU3r5hTjqcA

What column would assess your community to be at?

- Using the indicators in that column, what would be one goal to work towards within your community?
  - We can ...
    - by...

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- What column would assess your community to be at?
  - Awareness

- Using the indicators in that column, what would be one goal to work towards within your community?
  - We can learn more about Disability as being an identity...
    - by seeking out opportunities to learn from Disabled voices and experiences
    - by participating in a community book that centers Disabled characters







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